



## Glossary

<b>Ancestor</b>	person(s) from an earlier generation of your family
<b>Cross section</b>	sample of a larger group
<b>Economy</b>	financial system of interaction and exchange
<b>Extract</b>	remove or take out, especially by effort or force.
<b>Geologist</b>	a scientist who studies rocks and minerals
<b>Gross Domestic Product (GDP)</b>	the total value of goods and services produced in a country during one year
<b>Inherit</b>	receive or be left with (a situation, trait, etc.) from a former owner or generation
<b>Landscape</b>	all the features of an area of land that you can see
<b>Mineral</b>	a substance (such as quartz, coal, petroleum, salt, etc.) that is naturally formed under the ground
<b>Nonrenewable Resources</b>	resources that cannot be replenished (made again) in a short period of time
<b>Overburden</b>	noun: rock or soil overlaying a mineral deposit
<b>Property</b>	a special quality or characteristic of something
<b>Public Service Announcement (PSA)</b>	a news article or graphic that shares information with the public
<b>Reclamation</b>	the act of returning something to a former, better state
<b>Renewable Resources</b>	resources that are capable of being replenished
<b>Revenue</b>	money that is made by or paid to a business or an organization

<b>Stewardship</b>	As Wyoming citizens, we are stewards entrusted with the responsible development, care, and use of our resources to benefit current and future generations.
<b>Surface Mining</b>	includes strip mining, open-pit mining and mountaintop removal mining, where soil and rock overlying the mineral deposit (the overburden) are removed.
<b>Underground Mining</b>	is a technique used to access ores and minerals in the ground by making tunnels